### **Group Activities for Advanced ESL Students**

## ASKING PERSONAL QUESTIONS USING THE PRESENT PERFECT TENSE

Have you

ever cut your

own hair?

Have you ever

had a job? If

so, what kind?

This activity has been designed for advanced ESL students. This activity contains detailed teacher's notes, 36 question cards, a handout listing all the questions, and a written quiz.

No matter how advanced the students may be there is always the need for more practice using the present perfect tense.

This activity was designed to

- · review the use of the present perfect tense
- provide advanced students with a fun and interesting activity
- · let students share personal experiences with classmates
- encourage group interaction and discussion
- increase individual student's speaking time during class

### **Teacher's Notes**

### Making the question cards

· Cut the sheets into cards and place them into envelopes. (For large classes, you may want to make several sets.)

### Introduction

Before distributing the worksheet, start the activity with a conversation. Ask questions that elicit sentences using the present
perfect tense to determine how well they can use the verb structure. Use some of the sample questions below:

Have you ever visited a museum? If so, how many times? Have you been to the local library? If so, how many times?

Have you ever played an instrument? If so, how often? Have you ever attended a concert? How many times?

Have you ever

How many

different places

have you lived

in?

What's the

weirdest thing

that has ever

happened to

you?

cooked a meal

for someone?

If so, what and

for whom?

Whom haven't

you seen in a

long time?

### **Grammar Review**

- · Students should already be familiar with the use of the present perfect tense before doing this exercise.
- Review the use of the present perfect. Explain that the present perfect is used to express an action that began in the past, continues to the present, and will possibly continue into the future. Explain that "for" precedes the quantity of time or duration and "since" precedes the starting point. You may want to explain this concept graphically on the board.

### Lesson Plan

- 1 Divide the class into groups of three or four.
- Place an envelope in front of each group. Do <u>not</u> let the students open the envelope to see the topics ahead of time.
- 3 Tell the students to take turns selecting one card at a time from the envelope.

	How lo	w has Bill	lived in	the countr	y?
since J	uly (start	)			Now
Ļ		for 6 i	nonths (d	uration)	Ļ
July	August	September	October	November	December

- Tell them to read their question aloud and lead their group in discussing the question on the card. (If the students are uncomfortable with a specific topic, encourage them to choose another card.)
- 5 If groups have used up all of their cards, have them exchange cards with another group and continue the activity.
- Ouring the last twenty minutes of the activity, ask volunteers from each group to share what their group discussed. Place important vocabulary and expressions on the board.
- At the end of the activity collect the cards and store them in the envelopes for future use.
  - Distribute the handout containing the complete list of questions. See accompanying handout.
  - As a follow-up activity, give the students a written quiz. See accompanying handout.

How many movies have you seen lately?	How many times have you been to a party this year?	Have you ever been married? If so, for how long?
Have you ever colored your hair? If so, what color?	Have you ever cooked a meal for someone? If so, what and for whom?	Have you ever cut your own hair? If so, how did it look?
Have you ever had a bad haircut? If so, what did you do about it?	Have you ever had a pet? If so, what kind?	Have you ever helped a friend? If so, how?
Have you ever helped a stranger? If so, how?	Have you ever played a musical instrument? If so, which one?	How many friends have you made since you started this program?

How long have you attended this school?	How long have you been in this country?	How long have you cared for a pet?
How long have you had a boyfriend/ girlfriend?	How long have you had a driver's license?	How long have you had your watch?
How long have you lived in your house or apartment?	How long have you studied English?	How long have you worn glasses?
How long have you worn that ring?	How many books have you read in the past year?	How many countries have you visited?

How many	How many times	How many
different places	have you used	times have you
have you lived	your cell phone	checked your
in?	today?	e-mails today?
How many	How much	What is the
times have	money have	longest car trip
you walked	you saved in	you have ever
to school?	the last year?	taken?
What is the weirdest thing that has ever happened to you?	Where have you been all day?	Where is the farthest you have ever traveled?
Who have you spent most of your time with since you arrived here?	Whom haven't you seen in a long time?	Have you ever had a job? If so, what kind?

## Written Grammar Quiz • Present Perfect Tense

Directions: Read the job interview and shopping survey questions, then answer the questions.



Ella is celebrating her first year in this city. Ella came here last January and started work in April. After beginning her job three months ago, she also got a driver's license. She bought a car last Friday and moved into her own apartment two days ago. She's been very happy ever since!

\_\_\_\_\_



**Example:** How long has Ella lived in this country? <u>Ella has lived in this country for one year</u>.

- 1. How long has Ella worked?
- 2. How long has she been at her present job?
- 3. How long has she had a driver's license?
- 4. How long has she had a car?
- 5. How long has she lived in her own apartment?
- 6. How long has she been happy?



**Example:** Has Ella ever shopped in this store before? ? <u>yes, she has. She has shopped in this store before.</u> 7. Has she ever tried their store brands before?

- 8. Has she ever used coupons before?
- 9. Has she ever tasted this store's ice cream?
- 10. Has she ever purchased their produce?
- 11. Has she ever answered a shopping survey?

Fill in the blanks with verbs in the present perfect tense.

Ella Landers <u>has lived</u> in this city and in the same market for a very	> 💝
lived 12. shop	
short time. This is the first time that anybody her and questions	A CA
13. stop 14. ask	1 14
about her buying habits. A woman asked her, "Have you ever our chocolate	S Val
15. <b>taste</b>	
ice cream?" Judy answered, "No, I , but I , the vanilla flavor.	
16. (short answer) 17. try	4
Finally, the woman asked Ella, "Have you in this store before." Ella said that she	-
18. visit	
there a few times.	
19. <b>be</b>	

Answers

12 has shopped, 13 has stopped, 14 has asked, 15 tasted, 16 haven't, 17 have tried, 18 visited, 19 has been never tasted their ice cream. 10 Yes, she has. She has purchased their produce. 11 No, she hasn't. She has never answered a shopping survey. apartment. 7 Yes, she has. She has tried their store brands before. 8 Yes, she has. She has used coupons before. 9 No, she hasn't. She has 4 She has had a car since last Friday. 5 She has lived in her own apartment for two days. 6 She has been happy since she moved into her own 1 Ella has worked since April. 2 She has been at her present job tor three months. 3 She has had a driver's license for three months (since April).

# PERSONAL QUESTIONS USING THE PRESENT PERFECT TENSE

- 1. How many movies have you seen lately?
- 2. How many times have you been to a party this year?
- 3. Have you ever been married? If so, for how long?
- 4. Have you ever colored your hair? If so, what color?
- 5. Have you ever cooked a meal for someone? If so, what and for whom?
- 6. Have you ever cut your own hair? If so, how did it look?
- 7. Have you ever had a bad haircut? If so, what did you do about it?
- 8. Have you ever had a pet? If so, what kind?
- 9. Have you ever helped a friend? If so, how?
- 10. Have you ever helped a stranger? If so, how?
- 11. Have you ever played a musical instrument? If so, which one?
- 12. How many friends have you made since you started this program?
- 13. How long have you attended this school?
- 14. How long have you been in this country?
- 15. How long have you cared for a pet?
- 16. How long have you had a boyfriend/girlfriend?
- 17. How long have you had a driver's license?
- 18. How long have you had your watch?
- 19. How long have you lived in your house or apartment?
- 20. How long have you studied English?
- 21. How long have you worn glasses?
- 22. How long have you worn that ring?
- 23. How many books have you read in the past year?
- 24. How many countries have you visited?
- 25. How many different places have you lived in?
- 26. How many times have you used your cell phone today?
- 27. How many times have you checked your e-mails today?
- 28. How many times have you walked to school?
- 29. How much money have you saved in the last year?
- 30. What is the longest car trip you have ever taken?
- 31. What is the weirdest thing that has ever happened to you?
- 32. Where have you been all day?
- 33. Where is the farthest you have ever traveled?
- 34. Who have you spent most of your time with since you arrived here?
- 35. Whom haven't you seen in a long time?
- 36. Have you ever had a job? If so, what kind?

### **Group Activities for Advanced ESL Students**

# **HOMOPHONES & HOMONYMS 1**

Can you pass by the store

to buy some milk. "Bye!"

We'd weed more

This activity is intended for advanced ESL students and contains detailed teacher's notes and 36 flash cards.

The activity was designed to

- review of the meanings of common homophones and homonyms
- · provide visual clues to reinforce the meanings of the words
- · present words in the context of humorous comics and photos
- provide advanced ESL students with group activities
- encourage group interaction and discussions
- increase individual student's speaking time during class
- expose students to new vocabulary and expressions



### **Teacher's Notes**

### Making the cards

• This activity will require you to make double-sided photocopies and cut them into cards. This may take a little effort, but once you have made the cards, you will have a popular group activity that will last you many years. Printing in color on card stock is recommended, but black and white copies on regular paper are just fine.

. When copying on a photocopier that makes two-sided copies, place the sheets containing the photos/comics followed by the sheets containing the definitions. For example, Sheet 1A should be followed by the Sheet 1B, etc. There are three different sheets of cards for a total of 36 cards. For large classes you may want to make additional sets of cards or use the cards from Homophones and Homonyms 2 & 3. There are 108 cards in total.

 After you have made the two-sided photocopies, cut the sheets along the dotted line to form cards. Place them in a small envelope for easy access and future storage.

### Lesson Plan

Introduction: Explain that homonyms (also called homophones) are words that sound like one another but have different meanings. Some homonyms are spelled the same, like bark (the sound a dog makes) and bark (the outer layer of a tree trunk). Some homonyms are spelled differently, like one (the number) and won (having been victorious). Here are some common homophones and homonyms with their meanings and sample sentences.

- Divide the class into groups of three or four.
- 2. Place an envelope in front of each group. Do not let the students open the envelope to see the guestions ahead of time.
- Have each group select a score keeper.
- Tell the students to take turns selecting one card at a time from the envelope.
- 5. Direct them to read what is on the card and guess the meanings of the underlined words.
- 6. The first person to guess the word meanings correctly gets one point.
- 7. If groups run out of cards, have groups exchange cards and continue the activity.
- 8. At the end of the activity have the score keepers report their group's winner.
- 9. Give the winners a round of applause.
- 10. At the end of the class collect the cards and store them in the envelopes for future use.

Photo copy sheets 1A & 1B back to back. Then, cut along the dotted line to make cards.



The <u>band</u> of protesters were <u>banned</u> for wearing a <u>band</u>.







Alex was <u>blue</u> when the wind <u>blew</u> his <u>blue</u> balloon away.



Kitty was bored on the board.



The rabbit does nothing <u>but</u> sit on its <u>butt</u> all day.



Haven't you ever seen a <u>bare bear</u>?





The <u>scent</u> of a rose doesn't cost a <u>cent</u>.





The <u>cereal</u> box had a big <u>serial</u> number.



<u>Aye, Aye, I</u> think there's something in my <u>eye</u>.

**been** - past tense of "be"

**bin** - a box or container

**be** - to exist **bee** - an insect **band** - a group**banned** - forbidden**band** - a strap, belt

**but** - excepting **butt** - the back end, posterior **board** - a long
piece of wood **bored** - not
interested

blew - past tense of "blow"
blue - color
blue - sad,

depressed

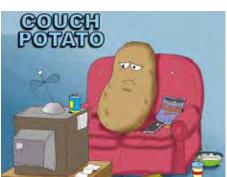
**cereal** - grains **serial** - numbers in sequence

**cent** - a penny **scent** - an aroma, smell **by** - near **bye** - farewell **buy** - purchase

aye - yes, affirmative I - me eye - what you use to see

**chews** - 3rd person singular of "chew" **choose** - select

**bare** - naked, nude **bear** - an animal Photo copy sheets 2A & 2B back to back. Then, cut along the dotted line to make cards.



Jim doesn't <u>waste</u> time worrying about his <u>waist</u>.



Don't <u>wait</u> to control your <u>weight</u>.



How do you <u>walk</u> with a <u>wok</u> in your hands?



This is what they <u>wore</u> for the fashion <u>war</u>.





<u>We'd weed</u> more often if we could.

We <u>were</u> there. Now <u>we're</u> here.



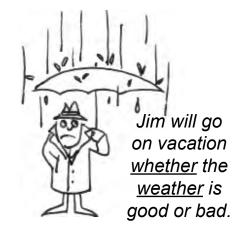




Bill felt so <u>weak</u> that he spent a <u>week</u> in bed.



<u>Whose</u> dog is this? <u>Who's</u> going to pick it up?





walk - go on footwok - Chinesecooking pan

wait - remain, stayweight - heaviness

waist - betweenribs and hipswaste - throw away

we'd - "we would"weed - to remove wild plants

wear - attire where - a place war - fighting
wore - past tense
 of "wear"

weather - climate whether - if it be the case weak - not strong
week - seven days

we're - "we are"

were - past tense plural of "to be"

wood - what trees are made ofwould - modal verb  who's - contraction of "who is"
 whose - belonging to whom

which - selection
witch - sorcerer

Photo copy sheets 3A & 3B back to back. Then, cut along the dotted line to make cards.

SHEET 3A



SHEET 3B

altar - raised center of worship alter - to change

acts - things done
ax(e) - chopping
tool

**you're** - "you are" **your** - belonging to you

<b>sole</b> - only, one		<b>shoe</b> - footwear
sole - a type of fish	<b>soar</b> - fly	
<b>soul</b> - spirit	sore - hurt	<b>shoo</b> - "go away"

<b>steal</b> - rob	<b>son</b> - male child	some - a few	
		sum - result of	
steel - metal	<b>sun</b> - star	addition	

**tense** - nervous **tents** - temporary shelters

sundae - ice cream and syrup Sunday - a day

suite -group of
 rooms
sweet - sugary

- **f**\_...

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### **Group Activities for Advanced ESL Students**

# **HOMOPHONES & HOMONYMS 2**

There's a hare

in my hair!

The driver was fined

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- Direct them to read what is on the card and guess the meanings of the underlined words.
- 6. The first person to guess the word meanings correctly gets one point.
- 7. If groups run out of cards, have groups exchange cards and continue the activity.
- 8. At the end of the activity have the score keepers report their group's winner.
- 9. Give the winners a round of applause.
- **10.** At the end of the class collect the cards and store them in the envelopes for future use.



The <u>Czech</u> custom's officer didn't <u>check</u> my passport.



It was a strange <u>sight</u> to see a policeman <u>cite</u> the driver at this <u>site</u>.



She couldn't <u>close</u> the <u>clothes</u> closet door.



The runners ran on a <u>coarse</u> <u>course</u>.



The city <u>council</u> has legal <u>counsel</u>.



That <u>damn</u> <u>dam</u> broke!



Can I hold the <u>dear</u> <u>deer</u>?







James can <u>earn</u> money by selling this <u>urn</u>.



The <u>fare</u> for the <u>fair</u> was <u>fair</u>.



The driver was <u>fined</u> because he couldn't <u>find</u> his license.

Photo copy sheets 1A & 1B back to back. Then, cut along the dotted line to make cards.

SHEET 1B

close - to shut clothes - garments **cite** - location **sight** - vision **site** - a location **check** - a √ mark; verify

**Czech** - from the Czech Republic

**dam** - holds back water **damn** - a curse **council** - group of leaders **counsel** - advisor, lawyer

**coarse** - rough **course** - path of travel

die - to become dead dye - coloring agent do - to perform
due - payable
Bill's - belonging to Bill
bills - invoices

**dear** - beloved **deer** - an animal

find - to locate
fined - to have to
 pay a ticket

fair - even-handed;
reasonable
fair - carnival
fare - payment

earn - to make money urn - a jar